

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 29

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN. TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1885

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Judging from the Washington indications no more democrats will go on a frolic to foreign countries till congress meets next December.

Mr. Secretary Lamar makes civil service reform march to the tune of "Way down South in Dixie," and takes a good deal of pride in marching ex-confederates into the interior department.

Postmaster General Vilas has already appointed 450 democratic postmasters of the grades below presidential offices. He has yet some 47,000 more to appoint if he intends to make a clean sweep.

Judge Doolittle is begging for the Spanish mission. If President Cleveland were to reward him according to the services he rendered the democratic party, the judge wouldn't get a consulate at Capetown.

It is claimed in Boston that that city is threatened with a statue "Rev. Joseph Cook Englightening the World." The best way to rear a statue to Cook, is to set one of his big words on end and let it stand in the harbor.

A Mormon leader in Utah has been struck by a bright idea. He wants the Mormons to buy that territory. The Mormons will never buy Utah, as "Uncle Sam never sells his property for immoral purposes."

The Cincinnati Enquirer, a democratic newspaper, has undertaken the laudable enterprise of driving the gamblers out of that city. There is an excellent field of labor for the Chicago Times in its own city, and it might follow the example of the Enquirer with credit to itself and with advantage to Chicago.

Bob Ingersoll's generosity is as conspicuous as his audacity is heroic and his eloquence matchless. He gives hundreds of dollars to street beggars, and thousands to other purposes, and it is a wonder he has a dollar left at the end of the year. He is going to Europe soon and will lecture, and there is a curiosity to see how he will be received by the steady, sober-going Englishman.

The clerks in the navy department think that the democratic administration is a hard master. Secretary Whitney hereafter requires that all clerks shall work until five o'clock, instead of four. Whatever the clerks may think about it, the secretary is inaugurating a much needed reform. A clerk in the office of the government ought not to be object to working six hours and a half a day.

For several years, it has been the custom in the treasury department to use the library fund—amounting to about \$500 a year—for the purchase of the latest novels and other entertaining books for the use of the clerks. Secretary Manning has out of the abuse by directing that the fund shall be used only for buying reference and other books in the line of the department duties. This will displease the clerks who love light reading, but will benefit the department.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

For a good many years Wisconsin had been far behind other states in having a well organized militia. Time after time efforts were made to strengthen the Wisconsin national guard, but there seemed to be a prejudice against the movement and but little was accomplished. Five years ago a deeper interest was awakened in nearly all parts of the state and shortly after some important legislation was effected. But during the past year, all that Wisconsin spent on its militia did not exceed \$24,000, while Connecticut spent \$300,000, Pennsylvania about \$400,000 and New York over \$700,000 for the maintenance of state militia.

In the last session \$35,000 was appropriated annually for the next two years. Fanciful suits and overcoats are to be furnished the men at the rate of \$3.00 per year until each company has outfits for 50 men; this will furnish 1,800 men, which is the minimum working strength of the state force, although it actually numbers 2,600 men—a new law, this winter, having reduced the minimum membership to 60 for each company, instead of 80; the substance account while in camp has been increased to \$1.50 per day for each enlisted man, while commissioned officers will receive the pay of their rank; medical supplies to the extent of \$800, a signal service outfit to cost \$100, and an outfit for gallery rifle practice at the rate of \$75 per company, are provided for; it is arranged that officers who are nominated for promotion shall be rigidly examined as to proficiency; enlistment is hereafter to be for three years instead of five.

FROM THE BANK TO PRISON.

The United States district court has found James D. Fish, president of the Marine national bank, of New York, guilty of stealing funds from his bank, and in a few days he will be taken to prison.

It will be remembered that Fish was an accomplice of Ward, who financially ruined the Grant family. There were twenty-five counts in the indictment against Fish, and he was found guilty of nine out of that number. It is said that the extreme penalty of the law on the nine counts will, in the aggregate amount to 135 years in the penitentiary, but as Mr. Fish will probably not live so long, the court will sentence him on one or two of the counts, say from ten to fifteen years, and suspend sentence on the remainder until he has served his first term. This is the usual practice where a prisoner has been found guilty on two or more counts.

The result of this trial will meet with public approbation. Fish was a big thief in every sense of the term, and the sooner he gets in Sing Sing or some other institution, the better for the business morals of the country. It is somewhat

refreshing to know that distinguished thieves are taken to prison. There are more than a dozen prominent bank officials now wearing striped uniforms in prison workshops. Chase, of Full River, is still in prison. There are five of New Jersey, connecting their state in penitentiary. Some of these are doing like service, and Pennsylvania has two. In none of these cases were their high financial and social standing able to save them from the penitentiary. When such officials are by the practice in the courts that the law will lay its hands heavily on all such robbers of trust funds, and that they can not escape justice, there will be less of such robbery.

DISCORD IN THE OPERA.

To an outsider there is a bewitching rose-water appearance to the management of the operatic festival in Chicago. Its success has been remarkable beyond all precedents. The receipts for the past week were \$91,000, and during the present week they will reach nearly \$100,000. Such widespread enthusiasm over operatic singers and such noble and vast audiences that assemble to hear them, have not been equalled in any other city or at any other time in this country since the historic days of Jenny Lind.

But while all this is pleasant to think about, there are troubled waters and jealousies and wranglings that outsiders know but little of, and which are very interesting when brought to the surface. These troubles have finally got to the Chicago papers, especially the difficulty between Miss Nevada and Colonel Mapleson.

The Colonel offered to pay her \$1,000 a night, but when the opera season opened in New York, she did not draw, and he refused to pay her more than \$300. She accepted this because she could do no better. But when she got on the Pacific slope—in the house of her friends—she demanded the \$1,000 or not a note, and Mapleson yielded. When they reached Chicago, the Colonel told Miss Wixom (Nevada) that he wouldn't pay her more than \$300 a night for her Chicago engagement, but Nevada made no response till the night came for her "Mirella," and just before the curtain rose, she sent for Mapleson and plainly told him she would not sing a note for less than \$1,000 a night, and poor Mapleson was compelled to submit or lose the house.

He has no trouble with Patti, though he pays her \$4,000 a night, because her houses are always full. With the other singers there is endless trouble, and what is worse for the managers, the newspapers usually take the side of the singers, which makes the latter imperious and ungovernable. The grand opera of the United States has had an unfortunate history for managers. Millions of dollars have been spent upon them, but the fact remains that while the singers have grown rich all the managers have been bankrupted; and even Mapleson, with the receipts at \$12,000 to \$22,000 a night, is not yet independent, and he does not squander his money either.

VALUITY OF GRANT'S DEED.

Is not always innate or born with them, but many instances are known where it has been acquired by the persistent and ubiquitous use of Dr. Hart's Iron Tonic.

GEN. GRANT BETTER AGAIN.

Strong Enough to Walk About His Room, and Much Brighter.

New York, April 14.—Following from Gen. Grant's sick-room are the following: New York, April 13—10 p. m.—Gen. Grant has been very comfortable since the last bulletin. He seemed stronger during the afternoon, and walked from room to room in the evening. He has just awakened from a sleep of two hours and taken a nap, and in reply to an inquiry said he was not in pain. The accumulation of mucus has not disturbed him to-night. He has not required any local application to the throat. Pulse 72 and regular; respiration 18.

J. H. DODGINS, M. D.

New York, April 14.—2:30 a. m.—Gen. Grant is resting quietly now. He has not been in any pain to-night.

New York, April 14.—During Monday afternoon Gen. Grant was very restless and suffered much pain from his throat. Dr. Shandy, who was in attendance upon the general, daily succeeded by the use of anodynes in relieving him, and at 4 o'clock he fell asleep in his chair.

Col. Fred Grant was seen late in the evening. He seemed much more cheerful than formerly. "Father is a good deal improved," he said, "and seems much easier than he has for some days. Of course we cannot say anything about the nature of his ailment, but when they make him better they are certainly very gratifying to him and to us. He seems greatly relieved from pain and I think is much brighter than yesterday."

"Do you take this to mean a permanent gain?"

"Oh, we have ceased to make any forecasts in regard to him. When he is better we are thankful, and that is all we can say," Dr. Deems said after his call in the afternoon, that Col. Grant had told him that his father was better. "The family," Dr. Deems said, "seem to regard the general as somewhat better than on Sunday, and are, of course, very much rejoiced at the change. I do not regard this as meaning anything more, however, than that he is better than he was yesterday."

Rev. Dr. Newman confirmed Dr. Deems' report. "The general," he said, "is apparently much better. He is, well, I don't know any better word than brighter. Yes, that is the word for it, brighter."

"Do you think there is any permanent improvement?"

"Well, no one can tell. I judge from what the physicians say, however, that this is only one of the characteristics of the disease. He is free from pain and has been doing for the most part of the afternoon."

An End to Home Nursing.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. I have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctor told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and soon began to feel better. My leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at 50 cents a bottle, and Bucklin's Kidney and Bladder Pills at 25¢ per box by F. Sherer & Co.

The handsomest styles in neckwear at the Excelsior clothing house,

CRIMINAL CONSTRUCTION.

CAUSES THE COLLAPSE OF EIGHT FIVE-STORY BUILDINGS.

Sixty Workmen Carried Down with the Crash—Several Injured to No Killed, and Many Wounded—Other Serious Disasters.

New York, April 14.—Eight brick buildings in Sixty-second street, situated between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, on the south side of the street, fell Monday afternoon with a crash. They were well on toward completion, and men were at work both inside and on the roof. The houses were intended for tenements. About 3 o'clock the easternmost wall sagged, and the supporting timbers broke with a loud crash. The sixty or more men who were scattered around the buildings had no time to even attempt to escape, as in what seemed hardly five seconds' time the whole structure had fallen in and was a mass of ruins. Strikers and groans at once arose from the imprisoned workmen, and the air about them brought to the spot the screams of a call and was also sent out which brought every ambulance in the city to the scene. The fallen priests from the Fifty-ninth Street seminary also hurried thither and were out at work ministering to the wounded and dying men as they were brought out. Great crowds of people assembled, but a cordon of police kept a space clear for the work of the rescuers. The women and children of the families of some of the men employed in the buildings were in the crowds and their cries and lamentations added to the painfulness of the scene.

The first of the injured to be taken out were the following: Thomas King, back injured; John McManamy, thigh broken and badly injured internally; John Schuch, severe internal injuries; James Carter, back injured; John Laverly, scalp wound; Thomas Flynn, scalp wound. These were taken to the Roosevelt hospital in Fifty-ninth street. Volunteers were called for to aid the firemen in removing the debris, and soon a large force was at work, stimulated to exertions by the heartrending groans and cries for help that came from within the ruins. It seemed hardly possible that all of the men could have escaped death, but it was several hours before the facts could be discovered. By 4 o'clock fourteen men had been taken out, all more or less injured.

The following other persons were rescued from the debris: John McManamy, fracture of the leg and thigh; Joseph Truener, severe bruises about the body; Jacob Schuch, contusion of side; George Sauerbly, internal injuries; Robert Hoderick and John Dozier sustained slight injuries and left for home.

At 9:30 p. m. Louis Walters, a framer of 183 Edge street, was taken from the ruins in a dying condition. At 10 o'clock a large force of men were still searching the ruins, and it is feared that at least three of the workmen have been killed.

One of the men, George Sauerbly, was taken from the ruins in a dying condition. He was working on the top floor. Before going to work in the morning he noticed that the foundation of the building was cracked in many places, and he thought it was blinding. He said: "The building was very shaky. About 3 o'clock while he was putting in a window frame on the top floor, the building suddenly gave to the southward, and his fall against the wall. A beam fell on his head and he was carried down with the debris, unable to make any effort to save himself."

Mr. Charles Buddonick, of 206 Broadway, furnished the material to the contractors for the main and brick work of the building. He said: "The buildings were begun in December. They were built on a side hill, at an average cost of \$15,000. They were to be finished June 1, and to be used as tenement houses. A few weeks ago we received notice from the building department that certain alterations would have to be made in the foundations. We were about doing this when the accident happened. The first crack into the center of the block to be made, and as the buildings were on the side of the hill, it pulled the entire block down. It is not true that the rain was making. A mortar will be affected by rain running down the side of a wall, and making it soft. During the winter rain water soaked in the cellars and injured the foundations. This was because the masonry was poor. Charles Franke, the bricklayer, under whose franchise the buildings were erected, was arrested during the evening, and held to await an investigation. Franke said at the station house that loan or mud was used instead of sand in the mortar, and that some of the bricks furnished by Buddonick, the contractor, were so soft that they could easily be broken in two in each hand. Buddonick left the scene soon after the buildings fell, and was seen to enter a carriage and drive toward the city. Buddonick, the contractor, were so soft that they could easily be broken in two in each hand. Buddonick left the scene soon after the buildings fell, and was seen to enter a carriage and drive toward the city. Buddonick, the contractor, were so soft that they could easily be broken in two in each hand. Buddonick left the scene soon after the buildings fell, and was seen to enter a carriage and drive toward the city."

The Fire Alarm.

New York, April 14.—Fire was discovered on the sixth floor of the brick building 212 West Fulton street Monday morning. Several alarms were sent out, but considerable delay was caused by the overhead wires before the firemen could get to work. The flames spread rapidly and in less than half an hour the entire upper half of the structure was completely destroyed. Aggregate loss to tenants, \$100,000; loss on building, \$25,000; partly insured.

Possibly a Horror.

New York, April 14.—At 4 o'clock Tuesday morning fire was discovered in the building 209 West Forty-third street. A number of firemen entered the building with hose, and had scarcely got inside when the upper floor gave way, and fell through two stories, carrying the men with it. At this writing it is not known whether any of the men were killed, but it is hardly possible that all, if any, escaped.

Fatal Fall of a Mill Stack.

Oskosh, Wis., April 13.—At 10 o'clock Monday afternoon seven men were in the millstack, which was about 100 feet high, repairing the walls. Their scaffolding gave way and the millstack crumbled to the ground, burying seven workmen under its mass. A large number of men were at work endeavoring to extricate the victims of the disaster. After some hours five dead bodies were got out. The dead men were as follows: John Hardwick, Joseph Biddle, Thomas Mitchell, Frank Maynard, and an unknown man. The bodies were mangled. George Fulton was severely but not fatally injured. George Gordon narrowly escaped with only a few slight bruises.

It is not certain that all the victims have been got out of the ruins, and men are still at work clearing away the debris.

Prentice & Evenson distinctly state that Aker's English remedy has done cures contracted consumption. Ask for guaranteed. An entirely new medicine, guaranteed.

Ask Prentice & Evenson about Aker's Blood Elixir, the only preparation guaranteed to cleanse the blood and remove all chronic diseases.

New York, April 14.—Robert B. Metropolitan 6.
BROOKLYN, April 14.—Brooklyn 11 New 47.5.
JERSEY CITY, April 14.—New York 4 Jersey City 1.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 14.—Indianapolis 8, Detroit 6.
BATTIMORE, April 14.—Baltimore 17, Providence 1.
CHATTANOOGA, April 14.—Cleveland 2, Chattanooga 11.

Arthur Call on Prentice & Evenson.
NEWARK, N. J., April 14.—Ex-President Arthur called on Mr. Prentice & Evenson at 10 o'clock p. m. Monday and remained all afternoon.

The death of ex-Secretary Frederick T. Frelinghuysen is hourly looked for. He is unconscious and cannot be aroused. He grows weaker every hour, as he has taken no nourishment since Sunday.

No News from the Northwest.
WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—There were no developments from the northwest Monday. Reports of Indian uprisings in various sections were heard, but there was no reliable information. The absence of news from Fort Pitt increases apprehensions regarding its safety. General Middleton reports that good progress is being made by the troops.

The wife of Dr. N. H. Pearson, the Illinois veterinarian, was recently granted a divorce, which she Monday asked to have set aside, in order to prevent the doctor from marrying again. Judge Shepard denied the motion, and stated that his court was being tried with.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS MOST PERFECT MADE.

Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc., favor as delicately and naturally as the fruit.

VANKIRK BROS.

On deck, Bring the cash and SAVE MONEY!

Over any store in the city.

15 1/2 lbs. granulated sugar. \$1.00
20 lbs. black telephone soap. 1.00
5 lbs. Max Java coffee. 1.00
5 lbs. pure Rio, roasted. 1.00
8 lbs. No. 1 green Rio. 1.00
8 lbs. Moscatel raisins. 1.00
15 lbs. English currants. 1.00
6 lb box Excelsior starch. 1.00
6 lb corn starch. 50
4 lbs. California. 1.00
Best 3-lb can tomatoes. 1.00
Elgin or E. H. corn. 12 1/2
Red Seal, 2 lbs corn. 10
2 lbs XXX butter crackers. 25
2 lb can evaporated apples. 25
3 1/2 lbs ginger snaps. 25
3 1/2 lbs frosted creams. 25
5 lbs extra good crackers. 25
Extra good plug tobacco. 40
Pure maple sugar. 25
Blackwell's genuine nutmeg. 50

OTHER REPRESENTATION ON TEAS!
Roasted Coffees
Cannot be excelled, west side, Cannon's block, 68 Milwaukee street.

AGENTS WANTED Throughout the Northwest FOR THE LISTER TELEPHONE TRUMPET.

A. R. GILMORE, Gen'l Agent, 131-12 W. La Salle St., Chicago.

WHEELER & STEVENS

This is the liveliest Real Estate firm ever organized in Rock County.

They have more Farm Property More Houses and Lots, and more unoccupied lands for sale on reasonable terms, than any other firm in Southern Wisconsin. They also have more property, property, and take special pains to suit purchasers and make all things satisfactory. Persons wanting to buy or sell property should apply to them.

Office, Phoenix Block Janesville, Wis. 171-12-14

FOR THE RIVER MORRIS' DISPEPSIA

Good old age, with perfect health, depends according to a famous physician on three general common sense rules. Keep the head cool, the feet warm and the bowels open. "Morris' Dispepsia" renews the energy and spirits by invigorating the Liver, aiding Digestion and regulating the Bowels. If you suffer from Indigestion, Heartburn, or sick Headache, don't fail to try a twenty-five cent sample bottle. One dose will relieve you immediately, and a large bottle will cure any ordinary case. For sale only by PRENTICE & EVENSON, opposite Postoffice, Janesville, who sell all medicines advertised in this paper.

THE BIG \$1.00
You Can Buy any of These Goods for \$1.00.

Some are here to stay but I will stay longer than some parties want I should. THESE PRICES ARE NO MISTAKE OF THE PRINTER.

17 lbs. Standard granulated sugar.
22 bars of any soap.
6 lbs. Mexican Java coffee.
7 lbs. choice Rio coffee.
10 lbs. green Rio coffee.
22 lbs. choice English currants.
22 lbs. best prunes.
3 1/2 lb. boxes Excelsior starch.
10 cans California plums.
11 cans best tomatoes.
25 lbs. Elgin 2-lb. corn.
25 lbs. Johnson Bros. XXX butter crackers.

Bring along your wagons and baskets for you can buy more goods for \$1.00 than you will want to carry home. Will never be undersold.

F. S. WINSLOW, C. O. D.
16 and 18 River Street.

IMPORTANT SALE OF DRY GOODS.

In order to still further reduce the M. C. Smith stock of Dry Goods. We shall offer during this week 5,000 yards of Dress Goods worth from 30 to 75c at the exceedingly low price of 15c per yard.

WE OFFER SUMMER SILKS WORTH 75c FOR 37 1/2c.

WE OFFER SUMMER SILKS WORTH \$1.00 FOR 50c.

WE OFFER FANCY SILKS WORTH \$1.25, AT HALF PRICE.

WE OFFER A COMPLETE LINE OF COLORED Dress Silks Worth \$1.25 at Cost.

We offer a complete line of Black Silks at the lowest possible figures.

Do you want a dress for kitchen wear. Don't buy Calico, buy a 30c Worsted Dress! Goods for 15 Cents.

Do you want a dress for morning wear. Buy a 40c Dress Goods for 15 cents.

Do you want a Dress for afternoon wear. Buy 50 cent dress goods for 15 cents.

Do you want a dress suitable for any occasion. Buy a 75 cent dress goods for 15 cents.

This is a genuine clearing out sale and the goods are sold from 50 to 75 per cent less than they actually cost.

We want the ladies of Janesville to improve this opportunity as it is the best Dress Goods sale ever offered in Rock County.

BORT & BAILEY, SUCCESSORS TO M. C. SMITH.

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PAULMER & STEVENS' DRUGGISTS.

Corner Main and Milwaukee Sts., Janesville Wis.

NEW SPRING STYLES!

WALL PAPER, Centers, Borders and Ceiling Decorations GENERALLY.

Also a very large assortment of Curtains, Shade Cloths, and Hollands of all colors, and a large assortment of

BRASS, EBONY, ASH AND WALNUT LAMBREQUIN POLES

Window Cornices, Curtain Loops, Bands, Fringe Pins, Hooks and Tassels, Curtain Fixtures, of all kinds. Line and Ball Cords, Room Mouldings and Picture Hooks, Velvet Easel Frames, Engravings and Pictures generally.

PICTURE FRAMES MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE

From the finest and most unique mouldings. The headquarters for house decorations and house furnishing goods generally, is at the old reliable bookstore of

JAS. SUTHERLAND & SONS', March 2, 1885.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cash Prices

GROCERIES

W. TEA VANKIRK

23 MAIN STREET,

APRIL 9, 1885.

17 lbs. Standard granulated sugar. 1.00
22 bars of any soap. 1.00
6 lbs. Mexican Java coffee. 1.00
7 lbs. choice Rio coffee. 1.00
10 lbs. green Rio coffee. 1.00
22 lbs. choice English currants. 1.00
22 lbs. best prunes. 1.00
3 1/2 lb. boxes Excelsior starch. 1.00
10 cans California plums. 1.00
11 cans best tomatoes. 1.00
25 lbs. Elgin 2-lb. corn. 1.00
25 lbs. Johnson Bros. XXX butter crackers. 1.00
7 cans Elgin 3-lb. corn. 1.00
25 lbs. Johnson Bros. oyster crackers. 1.00
25 lbs. Johnson Bros. soda crackers. 1.00
16 lbs. Johnson Bros. frosted creams. 1.00
20 lbs. evaporated apples. 1.00
14 lbs. evaporated baking powder. 1.00
5 lbs. Hatchet baking powder. 1.00
5 lbs. Chicago baking powder. 1.00
3 lbs. Hoeferds baking powder. 1.00
1 lb. Royal or Prices 40 cents.

New Seeds.

All varieties new flower, field and garden seeds. Gardeners wanting extra varieties will order and supply the same on 34 hours notice.

Mill Prices.

I sell all goods in any quantity, at bottom prices. I make a specialty of

CHOICE BUTTER, and am now selling it from the new pound up. I have the largest and best stock of

NEW TEAS, in the city, and at prices from 15 to 25 per cent lower. Of all articles not enumerated maps and prices will be made, as I cannot reduce my stock.

Respectfully yours, W. T. VANKIRK, Cheap Grocer, East Side River Janesville

Dr. J. W. VANCE.

FILES. A Rectal Diseases

FISTULA. CURE PAINLESS

FISSURE. No Knife or Ligator used

Rectal Ulcer. Office, First National Bank, Block, Madison, Wis.

Will be at the Myers' house, Janesville, every Friday, and at the Goodwin house, Beloit, the second and fifth Wednesdays of each month.

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ATTENTION TOBACCO MEN.—We have for sale the largest building located on the C. & N. W. R. track in this city; can be used for a tobacco warehouse without much outlay, come and see us.

Parties having in view a trip to any of the western states or territories would do well by addressing personally or by letter the undersigned, and get pamphlets, maps and circulars, giving a detailed description of the country and lands for sale, also the rates of fare on the monthly and semi-monthly excursions now being sent out by the companies they represent. Carefree, Wagon, Real estate and loan agents, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis.

Lock Box 141. JANESVILLE, WIS. Office in Tallman's block, West Milwaukee street, over J. T. Ford's, apud.

Real Estate COLUMN.

H. H. BLANCHARD.

I have for Sale, Rent and Exchange a large number of City Headquarters, Business Residence Sites, and Rock County Farms, than all the other real estate offices in this city combined.

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Transactions between me and my patrons are strictly private. I solicit the patronage of all persons wishing to sell or rent property. If I fail to sell I make no charge. I show property free of cost. If you have property for sale or want to buy property, come and see me, take a ride and patronize me, and I will convince you that all I say is true.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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Every man in the city made happy by securing a bargain on a nobly

Spring Suit

Or Overcoat

Made after the latest spring fashion plates from new styles of spring woollens just received.

Hats, Caps,

And a full line of GENTS' Furnishing Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

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CUT TO ORDER.

Call and examine goods and prices and leave your measure

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LIVERY
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A SPECIALTY.
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The Gazette may be found on file at the office of Lord and Thomas, 1000 North Dearborn Street, at the offices of our citizens who desire to see the paper.

Lot 5 acre is by 73 ft 6 in			
side of R block 10			
TOWN OF BRADFORD			
With sw 1/4	5	14	33
With N 1/4	5	2	14
With sw 1/4	5	2	14
With N 1/4	29	2	14
Side with N 1/4			20
TOWN OF JOHNSON.			
P 1/4 with sw 1/4	5	14	18
With N 1/4	5	2	14
Mid p 1/4 with N 1/4	7	14	5
S p 1/4 with N 1/4	29	14	5
City of JANEVILLE.			
Farming Lands—First Ward.			
Inv. lot 1	38	3	12
undivided 1/2 of lots			
12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17			
of the Janesville water			
company, lots by			
Janesville cotton mill			
Co's lots in R block			
acres by Mrs W. W.			
No. 10 lots by Tracy			
Lower	38	3	12

Mr. Editor:—I and my husband have been so long in Boston, that we have seen many different things for the liver, kidney, and blood that have done us more harm than good. I feel it due my readers to advise them, when an honest and good medicine like Dr. Harkor's Iron Tonic can be had.

Very truly,
AN OLD FENCIBLES.

P. W. I. Blood, P. & E.

BLACKEN'S ARTHIC SALVE.

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